United States District Court

WESTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Nathan DeShawn Benson	Case Number:	1:15-mj-63	

natr	nan	DeSnawn Benson	Odde Number: 1.10-mj-00	
requir	In ac	ccordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C.§314 detention of the defendant pending trial in this ca	42(f), a detention hearing has been held. I conclude that the following facts ase.	
-		Part I -	Findings of Fact	
	The defendant is charged with an offense des	scribed in 18 U.S.C. §3142(f)(1) and has been convicted of a (federal leen a federal offense if a circumstance giving rise to federal jurisdiction had		
		a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C.	.§3156(a)(4).	
		an offense for which the maximum senter	·	
		an offense for which the maximum term of	of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in	
		a felony that was committed after the defer U.S.C.§3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable s	ndant had been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 tate or local offenses.	
	(2)	The offense described in finding (1) was committe offense.	d while the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state or local	
	(3)	A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the (date of conviction) (release of the defendant from imprisonment) for the offense described in finding (1).		
	(4)	Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttabl assure the safety of (an)other person(s) and t presumption.	e presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably the community. I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this	
		Alterna	ite Findings (A)	
Ш	(1)	There is probable cause to believe that the defe		
		for which a maximum term of imprisonme	ent of ten years or more is prescribed in	
	(2)	The defendant has not rebutted the presumption	under 18 U.S.C.§924(c). defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding 1 that no condition or combination of conditions will conably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community.	
			ate Findings (B)	
	(1)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will no	t appear.	
X	(2)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will en	ndanger the safety of another person or the community.	
		the base of a man's skull and the employees we robber, a black male, was heard speaking to and escaping in a blue, medium-sized sedan. Two	robbery of a PNC Bank in Galesburg, MI, in which a revolver was held at the forced into a vault during the robbery. \$36,000 was taken. The lone other person on a hand-held device during the robbery and was seen days prior to the robbery, defendant rented a blue Chrysler 200 LX in recommendation in the back yard of a female witness (continued on attachment)	
		Part II - Written Staten	nent of Reasons for Detention	
d that t	he c	redible testimony and information submitted	at the hearing establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that	
nemple om the	oyed e thre	I and has no ties to this area. Based upon the robberies at issue and could rob further be	presence of the defendant for future court proceedings since he is ne Complaint, defendant may have amassed as much as \$80,000 anks if necessary to obtain further funds to finance flight from the ue and here, the court finds (continued on attachment	
		Part III - Directi	ions Regarding Detention	
etendar r on red	nt sha quest	endant is committed to the custody of the Attorne ate, to the extent practicable, from persons aw all be afforded a reasonable opportunity for privat t of an attorney for the Government, the person i all for the purpose of an appearance in connection	ey General or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections aiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The e consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United on with a court proceeding.	
Dated:	Ar	pril 23, 2015	/s/ Hugh W. Brenneman, Jr.	
Datou.	<u>r</u>		Signature of Judicial Officer	
			Hugh W. Brenneman, United States Magistrate Judge	
			Name and Title of Judicial Officer	

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Alternate Findings (B) - (continued)

on May 29, 2014, and returned it to the rental agency in Chicago on May 30, 2014. The woman told police that on the afternoon of May 29th, she went shopping at a mall with the defendant, and his brother named Johnson, whom she was dating and who was unusually liberal with his spending. She also identified the defendant as being the same person who appeared in the PNC video robbing the bank.

Another man also identified a black male who visited his apartment on the morning of May 29th in the company of Johnson as being the man who was seen in the PNC video robbing the bank.

Notwithstanding that Benson, the half-brother of Johnson, has no contacts to the Western District of Michigan, but lives in the Northern District of Illinois, his cell phone was found to be activated and in communication with another phone in the area of the bank robbery during the time of the robbery on May 29.

Two pictures from a surveillance camera in the bank appear to show defendant in the bank. One of them appears to show the defendant pointing a gun at the head of a customer or an employee.

This robbery was followed by two other robberies of a very similar nature. A man who was part of a group of men from Chicago who were arrested after they came to Michigan to rob a bank reviewed the bank surveillance photograph from the May 29 robbery and identified the bank robber as the defendant. This same person also stated that the defendant told him that he and his brother had robbed a bank, although it is not clear whether defendant was referring to this robbery or one of two subsequent robberies in the string of similar robberies that were committed here in Western Michigan.

Part II - Written Statement of Reasons for Detention - (continued)

by clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions will assure the safety of the community in light of the defendant's willingness to use a firearm to threaten employees, take over a bank and rob it, and apparently to do so on more than one occasion, although one occasion would be sufficient to arrive at this conclusion. In light of the defendant's apparent willingness to plan and execute an armed armed robbery of a bank in another city (where he is less likely to be known), which put in jeopardy the lives of those in the bank, the Court can think of no conditions which would assure the safety of the public from the possibility of such repeated conduct in the future if the defendant were put back on the street. Where there is substantial evidence that in fact there was such repeated conduct over the better part of a year, the deliberate and calculating nature of this behavior only solidifies this conclusion.